



# Garlinge and Parkside Schools and Nurseries Federation

# Attendance Policy and Procedure

# **CONTENTS**

		1
1.	. AIMS	1
2.	. LEGISLATION AND GUIDANCE	1
3.	. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES	1
	3.1 The Governing Body	1
	3.2 Executive Headteacher/Heads of School	2
	3.3 The designated senior leader responsible for attendance	3
	3.4 The Attendance Officer	3
	3.5 Class Teachers	4
	3.6 School staff (admin/office)	4
	3.7 Parents	4
	3.8 Pupils	4
4.	. RECORDING ATTENDANCE	5
	4.1 Attendance register	5
	4.2 Unplanned absence	5
	4.3 Planned absence	6
	4.4 Lateness and punctuality	6
	4.5 Following up unexplained absence	7
	4.6 Reporting to parents	7
5.	. AUTHORISED AND UNAUTHORISED ABSENCE	7
	5.1 Approval for term-time absence	7
	5.2 Sanctions	9
6.	. STRATEGIES FOR PROMOTING ATTENDANCE	10
7.	. SUPPORTING PUPILS WHO ARE ABSENT OR RETURNING TO SCHOOL	10
	7.1 Pupils absent due to complex barriers to attendance	10
8.	. ATTENDANCE MONITORING	
	8.1 Monitoring attendance	
	8.2 Analysing attendance	
	8.3 Using data to improve attendance	
	8.4 Reducing persistent and severe absence	
	. MONITORING ARRANGEMENTS	
1(	0. LINKS WITH OTHER POLICIES	13
1.	1 ATTENDANCE CODES	12

#### 1. AIMS

Garlinge and Parkside Schools and Nurseries Federation is committed to meeting its obligation with regards to school attendance through our whole-school culture and ethos that values good attendance, including:

- Setting high expectations for the attendance and punctuality of all pupils
- Promoting good attendance
- Reducing absence, including persistent and severe absence
- Ensuring every pupil has access to the full-time education to which they are entitled
- Acting early to address patterns pf absence
- Building strong relationships with families to ensure pupils have the support in place to attend school

Garlinge and Parkside Schools and Nurseries Federation will promote and support punctuality in attending lessons.

#### 2. LEGISLATION AND GUIDANCE

This policy meets the requirements of the <u>working together to improve school attendance</u> from the Department for Education (DfE), and refers to the DfE's statutory guidance on <u>school</u> <u>attendance parental responsibility measures</u>. These documents are drawn from the following legislation setting out the legal powers and duties that govern school attendance:

- Part 6 of The Education Act 1996
- Part 3 of The Education Act 2002
- Part 7 of <u>The Education and Inspections Act 2006</u>
- The Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 (and 2010, 2011, 2013, 2016 amendments)
- The Education (Penalty Notices) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2013

# It also refers to:

- School census guidance
- Keeping Children Safe in Education
- Mental health issues affecting a pupil's attendance: guidance for schools

# 3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

# 3.1 The Governing Body

The Governing Body is responsible for:

- Setting high expectations of all school leaders, staff, pupils, parents
- Promoting the importance of school attendance across the school's policies and ethos

- Making sure school leaders fulfil expectations and statutory duties:
  - Making sure the school records attendance accurately in the register, and shares the required information with the DfE and local authority
  - Making sure the school works effectively with local partners to help remove barriers to attendance, and keeps them informed regarding specific pupils, where appropriate
- Regularly reviewing and challenging attendance data and helping school leaders focus improvement efforts on individual pupils or cohorts who need it most
- Making sure the school's attendance management processes are delivered effectively, and that consistent support is provided for pupils who need it most by prioritising staff and resources
- Making sure the school has high aspirations for all pupils, but adapts processes and support to pupils' individual needs
- Regularly reviewing and challenging attendance data and helping school leaders focus improvement efforts on individual pupils or cohorts who need it most
- Working with school leaders to set goals or areas of focus for attendance and providing support and challenge
- Monitoring attendance figures for the whole school and repeatedly evaluating the effectiveness of the school's processes and improvement efforts to make sure they are meeting pupils needs
- Where the school is struggling with attendance, working with school leaders to develop a comprehensive action plan to improve attendance
- Making sure staff receive adequate training on attendance as part of the regular continued professional development offer, so that staff understand:
  - The importance of good attendance
  - That absence is almost always a symptom of wider issues
  - The school's legal requirements for keeping registers
  - The school's strategies and procedures for tracking, following up on and improving attendance, including working with partners and keeping them informed regarding specific pupils, where appropriate
- Making sure dedicated training is provided to staff with a specific attendance function in their role, including in interpreting and analysing attendance data
- Holding the Executive Headteacher to account for the implementation of this policy

# 3.2 Executive Headteacher/Heads of School

The Executive Headteacher/Heads of School are responsible for:

- Implementation of this policy at the school
- Monitoring school-level absence data and reporting it to the governors
- Supporting staff with monitoring the attendance of individual pupils
- Monitoring the impact of any implemented attendance strategies
- Issuing fixed-penalty notices, where necessary
- Working with the parents of pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND) to develop specific support approaches for attendance for pupils with SEND, including where

- school transport is regularly being missed, and where pupils with SEND face in-school barriers
- Communicating with the local authority when a pupil with an education, health and care (EHC) plan has falling attendance, or where there are barriers to attendance that relate to the pupil's needs
- Communicating the school's high expectations for attendance and punctuality regularly to pupils and parents through all available channels

# 3.3 The designated senior leader responsible for attendance

The designated senior leader is responsible for:

- Leading, championing and improving attendance across the school
- Setting a clear vision for improving and maintaining good attendance
- Evaluating and monitoring expectations and processes
- Having a strong grasp of absence data and oversight of absence data analysis
- Regularly monitoring and evaluating progress in attendance
- Establishing and maintaining effective systems for tackling absence, and making sure they are followed by all staff
- Liaising with pupils, parents and external agencies, where needed
- Building close and productive relationships with parents to discuss and tackle attendance issues
- Creating intervention or reintegration plans in partnership with pupils and their parents
- Delivering targeted intervention and support to pupils and families

The designated senior leaders responsible for attendance are:

Garlinge Primary School and Nursery	Parkside Community Foundation Primary School
Mrs A Northrop – Head of School northropa@garlinge.kent.sch.uk	Mrs A McLevy – Head of school headofschool@parkside.kent.sch.uk

# 3.4 The Attendance Officer

The school attendance officer is responsible for:

- Monitoring and analysing attendance data (see section 7)
- Benchmarking attendance data to identify areas of focus for improvement
- Providing regular attendance reports to school staff and reporting concerns about attendance to the designated senior leader responsible for attendance and the Executive Headteacher/Heads of School
- Working with Education Welfare Officers to tackle persistent absence
- Advising the Executive Headteacher/Heads of School when to issue fixed-penalty notices

The contact email for attendance officers are:

Garlinge Primary School and Nursery	Parkside Community Foundation Primary School
Tel: 01843 221877	Tel: 01227 464956
Email: gregoryk@garlinge.kent.sch.uk	Email: officemanager@parkside.kent.sch.uk

#### 3.5 Class Teachers

Class teachers are responsible for recording attendance for both morning and afternoon sessions on a daily basis, using the correct codes, and submitting this information to the school office on the same day.

# 3.6 School staff (admin/office)

#### School staff will:

- Take calls from parents about absence on a day-to-day basis and record it on the school system
- Transfer calls from parents to the attendance officer in order to provide them with more detailed support on attendance

#### 3.7 Parents

Where this policy refers to a parent, it refers to the adult the school and/or local authority decides is most appropriate to work with, including:

- All natural parents, whether they are married or not
- All those who have parental responsibility for a child or young person
- Those who have day-to-day responsibility for the child (i.e. lives with and looks after them)

# Parents are expected to:

- Make sure their child attends every day and on time
- Call the school or the school's online communication app to report their child's absence before 9.00am on the day of the absence and each subsequent day of absence, and advise when they are expected to return
- Provide the school with more than 1 emergency contact number for their child
- Ensure that, where possible, appointments for their child are made outside of the school day
- Seek support, where necessary, for maintaining good attendance, by contacting the family support team who can be contacted via the main school office.

# 3.8 Pupils

Pupils are expected to attend school every day and on time.

#### 4. RECORDING ATTENDANCE

# 4.1 Attendance register

The school will keep an attendance register and place all pupils onto this register.

The school will take our attendance register at the start of the first session of each school day and once during the second session. It will mark whether every pupil is:

- Present
- Attending an approved off-site educational activity
- Absent
- Unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances

Any amendment to the attendance register will include:

- The original entry
- The amended entry
- The reason for the amendment
- The date on which the amendment was made
- The name a position of the person who made the amendment

The school will also record:

- Whether the absence is authorised or not
- The nature of the activity if a pupil is attending an approved educational activity
- The nature of circumstances where a pupil is unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances

(Refer to section 11 for the DfE attendance codes.)

The school will keep every entry on the attendance register for 6 years after the date on which the entry was made.

The school day times are:

Garlinge Primary School and Nursery	Parkside Community Foundation Primary School
Start 8.45am / Finish 3.15pm	Start 8.40am / Finish 3.10pm

The register for the first session will be taken at 8.45am and closes at 8.55am. The register for the second session will be taken after lunch.

# 4.2 Unplanned absence

The pupil's parent must notify the school of the reason for the absence on the first day of an unplanned absence by 8.45am or as soon as practically possible by calling the school office or sending an absence report on the school's online communication app.

The school will mark absence due to physical or mental illness as authorised unless the school has a genuine concern about the authenticity of the illness.

Where the absence is longer than 3 days or there are doubts about the authenticity of the illness, the school will ask for medical evidence, such as a doctor's note, prescription, appointment card or other appropriate form of evidence. The school will not ask for medical evidence unnecessarily.

If the school is not satisfied about the authenticity of the illness, the absence will be recorded as unauthorised, and parents will be notified of this in advance.

#### 4.3 Planned absence

Attending a medical or dental appointment will be counted as authorised as long as the pupil's parent notifies the school in advance and provides evidence of the appointment. This can be done by sending a request on the school's online communication app with an attachment or coming into the school office.

However, the school will encourage parents to make medical and dental appointments out of school hours where possible. Where this is not possible, the pupil should be out of school for the minimum amount of time necessary.

The pupil's parent must also apply for other types of term-time absence as far in advance as possible of the requested absence. Go to section 5 to find out which term-time absences the school can authorise.

# 4.4 Lateness and punctuality

A pupil who arrives late:

- Before the register has closed will be marked as late, using the appropriate code
- After the register has closed will be marked as absent, using the appropriate code

Pupils arriving after this time must enter school by the main entrance and report to reception where their name and the reason for lateness will be recorded.

Frequent lateness after the register has closed (U) will be discussed with parents and could provide grounds for prosecution or a Penalty Notice.

# **Penalty Notice Proceedings for Lateness**

Penalty Notices are issued in accordance with Kent County Council's Education Penalty Notices Code of Conduct effective from January 2016, as revised in June 2020, when:

- 10 incidents of late arrival after the registers have closed during any possible 100 school sessions leads to a Penalty Notice Warning Letter
- The Penalty Notice Warning Letter sets out 15 school days during which no unauthorised absence is to be recorded
- If unauthorised absence is recorded during the 15-day period, a Penalty Notice(s) will be issued (one per parent per child)

Where a Penalty Notice is not paid within 28 days of issue the Local Authority will instigate court proceedings.

# 4.5 Following up unexplained absence

Where any pupil who is expected to attend school does not attend, or stops attending, without reason, the school will:

- Send a message on the school's online communication app on the first day of unexplained absence to ascertain the reason. If the school do not receive a response on their communication app the school will call the pupil's parent on the morning of the second day of unexplained absence. If the school cannot reach any of the pupil's emergency contacts, the school may carry out a home visit to the pupil's address or ask the police to carry out a welfare check.
- Identify whether the absence is approved or not
- Identify the correct attendance code to use and input it as soon as the reason for absence is ascertained this will be no later than 5 working days after the session
- Call the parent on each day that the absence continues with explanation to ensure proper safeguarding action is taken where necessary. If absence continues, the school will consider involving their School Liaison Officer.
- Where relevant, report the unexplained absence to the pupil's youth offending team officer
- Where appropriate, offer support to the pupil and/or their parents to improve attendance
- Identify whether the pupil needs support from wider partners, as quickly as possible, and make the necessary referrals
- Where support is not appropriate, not successful, or not engaged with, a Notice to Improve
  will be issued in which the pupil will need to make a significant improvement in their
  attendance for 20 days. If this is not successful, further legal action may be considered. For
  penalty notices or other legal interventions please see section 5.2 below.

# 4.6 Reporting to parents

The school will inform parents about their child's attendance and absence levels via yearly written reports.

#### 5. AUTHORISED AND UNAUTHORISED ABSENCE

# 5.1 Approval for term-time absence

The Executive Headteacher/Heads of School will allow pupils to be absent from the school site for certain educational activities, or to attend other schools or settings.

The Executive Headteacher will only grant a **leave of absence** to a pupil during term time if the request meets the specific circumstances set out in the <u>2024 school attendance regulations</u>. These circumstances are:

- Taking part in a regulated performance, or regulated employment abroad
- Attending an interview

- Study leave
- A temporary, time-limited part-time timetable
- Exceptional circumstances

A leave of absence is granted at the Executive Headteacher's/Heads of School discretion, including the length of time the pupil is authorised to be absent for.

The school defines 'exceptional circumstances' as:

- Service personnel returning from a tour of duty abroad where it is evidenced the parent will
  not be in receipt of any leave in the near future that coincides with school holidays
- Where an absence from school is recommended by a health professional as part of a parent's or child's rehabilitation from a medical or emotional issue
- The death or terminal illness of a person close to the family
- To attend a wedding or funeral of a person close to the family
- Any strong personal reasons why a family might need to take a child away from school for a short break

Leave of absence will not be granted for a pupil to take part in protest activity during school hours. As a leave of absence will only be granted in exceptional circumstances, it is unlikely a leave of absence will be granted for the purposes of a family holiday.

The school considers each application for term-time absence individually, taking into account the specific facts, circumstances and relevant background context behind the request.

Any request should be submitted as soon as it is anticipated and, where possible, at least 2 weeks before the absence, and in accordance with any leave of absence request form, accessible via the school office. The Executive Headteacher/Heads of School will require evidence to support any request for leave of absence.

Valid reasons for **authorised absence** include:

- Illness (including mental illness) and medical/dental appointments (see section 4.2 and 4.3 for more detail)
- Religious observance where the day is exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the pupil's parents belong. If necessary, the school will seek advice from the parents' religious body to confirm whether the day is set apart
- Parent(s) travelling for occupational purposes this covers Roma, English and Welsh gypsies,
  Irish and Scottish travellers, showmen (fairground people) and circus people, bargees
  (occupational boat dwellers) and new travellers. Absence may be authorised only when a
  traveller family is known to be travelling for occupational purposes and has agreed this with
  the school, but it is not known whether the pupil is attending educational provision
- If the pupil is currently suspended or excluded from school (and no alternative provision has been made)

Other reasons the school may allow a pupil to be absent from the school site, which are not classified as absences, include (but are not limited to):

- Attending an offsite approved educational activity, sporting activity or visit or trip arranged by the school
- Attending another school at which the pupil is also registered (dual registration)
- Attending provision arranged by the local authority
- Attending work experience
- If there is any other unavoidable cause for the pupil not to attend school, such as disruption to travel caused by an emergency, a lack of access arrangements, or because the school premises are closed

#### 5.2 Sanctions

The school will make use of the full range of potential sanctions – including, but not limited to, those listed below – to tackle poor attendance. Decisions will be made on an individual, case-by-case basis.

# **Penalty notices**

The Executive Headteacher/Heads of School (or someone authorised by them), local authority or the police can fine parents for the unauthorised absence of their child from school, where the child is of compulsory school age, by issuing a penalty notice.

If the school issues a penalty notice, it will check with the local authority before doing so and send them a copy of any penalty notice issued.

Before issuing a penalty notice, the school will consider the individual case, including:

- Whether the national threshold for considering a penalty notice has been met (10 sessions of unauthorised absence in a rolling period of 10 school weeks)
- Whether a penalty notice is the best available tool to improve attendance for that pupil
- Whether further support, a notice to improve or another legal intervention would be a more appropriate solution
- Whether any obligations that the school has under the Equality Act 2010 make issuing a penalty notice inappropriate

A penalty notice may also be issued where parents allow their child to be present in a public place during school hours without reasonable justification, during the first 5 days of a suspension or exclusion (where the school has notified the parents that the pupil must not be present in a public place on that day).

Each parent who is liable for the pupil's offence(s) can be issued with a penalty notice, but this will usually only be the parent(s) who allowed the absence.

The payment must be made directly to the local authority, regardless of who issues the notice. If the payment has not been made after 28 days, the local authority can decide whether to prosecute or withdraw the notice.

If issued with a **first** penalty notice, the parent must pay £80 within 21 days, or £160 within 28 days. If a **second** penalty notice is issued to the same parent in respect of the same pupil, the parent must pay £160 if paid within 28 days.

A **third** penalty notice cannot be issued to the same parent in respect of the same child within 3 years of the date of the issue of the first penalty notice. In a case where the national threshold is met for a third time within those 3 years, alternative action will be taken instead.

# **Notices to improve**

If the national threshold has been met and support is appropriate, but parents do not engage with offers of support, the school may offer a notice to improve to give parents a final chance to engage with support.

Notices to improve will be issued in line with processes set out in the local code of conduct for the local authority area in which the pupil attends school.

# They will include:

- Details of the pupil's attendance record and of the offences
- The benefits of regular attendance and the duty of parents under <u>section 7 of the Education</u> <u>Act 1996</u>
- Details of the support provided so far
- Opportunities for further support, or to access previously provided support that was not engaged with
- A clear warning that a penalty notice may be issued if attendance doesn't improve within the improvement period, along with details of what sufficient improvement looks like, which will be decided on a case-by-case basis
- A clear timeframe of between 3 and 6 weeks for the improvement period

The grounds on which a penalty notice may be issued before the end of the improvement period

# 6. STRATEGIES FOR PROMOTING ATTENDANCE

- The school celebrates 100% attendance with daily class certificates
- Attendance is displayed on boards in corridors in year areas
- Assemblies are held on weekly celebrating attendance and punctuality and classes are rewarded with Attendance Ted and Punctuality Pup for 100% weekly attendance
- Medals are rewarded to pupils who achieve 100% attendance for the year
- Challenges and incentives are held termly for pupils who achieve 100% attendance during the challenge time set
- Pupils are rewarded with bronze, silver and gold certificates for 100% attendance for a term

# 7. SUPPORTING PUPILS WHO ARE ABSENT OR RETURNING TO SCHOOL

# 7.1 Pupils absent due to complex barriers to attendance

- Meeting with a familiar adult to support pupil into school each day
- Morning interventions in place if appropriate

- Regular check-ins with the pupil
- Meeting with parents and pupil to discuss barriers to attendance what's working well and what do they find challenging in school
- A plan is put in place to support pupil's emotions and feelings
- Monitor and regular meetings with pupil and parent

# 7.2 Pupils absent due to mental or physical ill health or SEND

- Meet with parents to complete or update a care plan
- Meeting with parents (and pupil if appropriate) to discuss a transition plan to school eg a planned, time limited transition timetable to support need
- Meeting with a familiar adult to support pupil into school each day if necessary
- Regular check-ins with the pupil
- Monitor and regular meetings with pupil and parent

Where a pupil has an education health and care (EHC) plan and their attendance falls, or the school becomes aware of barriers to attendance that related to the pupil's needs, the school will inform the local authority.

# 7.3 Pupils returning to school after a lengthy or unavoidable period of absence

- Meeting with parents and pupil if appropriate to discuss transition back to school
- Meeting with a familiar adult to support pupil into school each day
- Morning interventions in place if appropriate
- Regular check-ins with the pupil
- A plan is put in place to support pupil's emotions and feelings if necessary
- Monitor and regular meetings with pupil and parent

# 8. ATTENDANCE MONITORING

# 8.1 Monitoring attendance

The school will monitor attendance and absence data (including punctuality) half-termly, termly and yearly across the school and at an individual pupil, year group and cohort level. Specific pupil information will be shared with the DfE on request.

The school has granted the DfE access to its management information system so the data can be accessed regularly and securely.

Data will be collected each term and published at national and local authority level through the DfE's school absence national statistics releases. The underlying school-level absence data is published alongside the national statistics.

The school will benchmark its attendance data at whole school, year group and cohort level against local, regional, and national levels to identify areas of focus for improvement and share this with the governing body.

# 8.2 Analysing attendance

#### The school will:

- Analyse attendance and absence data regularly to identify pupils or cohorts that need additional support with their attendance
- Identify pupils whose absences may be a cause for concern, especially those who demonstrate patterns of persistent or severe absence
- Conduct thorough analysis of half-termly, termly, and full-year data to identify patterns and trends
- Look at historic and emerging patterns of attendance and absence, and then develop strategies to address these patterns

# 8.3 Using data to improve attendance

# The school will:

- Develop targeted actions to address patterns of absence (of all severities) of individual pupils, groups or cohorts that it has identified via data analysis
- Provide targeted support to the pupils it has identified whose absences may be a cause for concern, especially those who demonstrate patterns of persistent or severed absence, and their families (see section 8.4 below)
- Provide regular attendance reports to Heads of School, class teachers and other school leaders to facilitate discussions with pupils and families and to the governing body and school leaders (including special educational needs co-ordinators, designated safeguarding leads and pupil premium leads)
- Use data to monitor and evaluate the impact of any interventions put in place in order to modify them and inform future strategies
- Share information and work collaboratively with other schools in the area, local authorities and other partners where a pupil's absence is at risk of becoming persistent or severe, including keeping them informed regarding specific pupils, where appropriate

# 8.4 Reducing persistent and severe absence

Persistent absence is where a pupil misses 10% or more of school, and severe absence is where a pupil misses 50% or more of school. Reducing persistent and severe absence is central to the school's strategy for improving attendance.

#### The school will:

- Use attendance data to find patterns and trends of persistent and severe absence
- Consider potential safeguarding issues and, where suspected or present, address them in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education
- Hold regular meetings with parents of pupils who the school (and/or local authority)
  considers to be vulnerable, or at risk of persistent or severe absence, pr who are persistently
  or severely absent, to:

- o Discuss attendance and engagement at school
- o Listen, and understand barriers to attendance
- Explain the help that is available
- Explain the potential consequences of, and sanctions for, persistent and severe absence
- Review any existing actions or interventions
- Provide access to wider support services to remove the barriers to attendance, in conjunction with the local authority, where relevant
- Consider alternative support that could be put in place to remove any barriers to attendance and re-engage these pupils. In doing so, the school will sensitively consider some of the reasons for absence
- Implement sanctions, where necessary (see section 5.2, above)

# 9. MONITORING ARRANGEMENTS

This policy will be reviewed as guidance from the local authority or DfE is updated, and as a minimum annually by Senior Leadership team. At every review, the policy will be approved by the full governing body.

# 10. LINKS WITH OTHER POLICIES

This policy links to the following policies:

- Child Protection Policy
- Safeguarding Policy
- Positive Behaviour Policy

# 11. ATTENDANCE CODES

The following codes are taken from the DfE's guidance on school attendance.

Code	Definition	Scenario
1	Present (am)	Pupil is present at morning registration
\	Present (pm)	Pupil is present at afternoon registration
L	Late arrival	Pupil arrives late before register has closed
Attending a place other than the school		
К	Attending education provision arranged by the local authority	Pupil is attending a place other than a school at which they are registered, for educational provision arranged by the local authority

V	Attending an educational visit or trip	Pupil is on an educational visit/trip organised or approved by the school
P	Participating in a sporting activity	Pupil is participating in a supervised sporting activity approved by the school
w	Attending work experience	Pupil is on an approved work experience placement
В	Attending any other approved educational activity	Pupil is attending a place for an approved educational activity that is not a sporting activity or work experience
D	Dual registered	Pupil is attending a session at another setting where they are also registered
	Absent – leave	of absence
C1	Participating in a regulated performance or undertaking regulated employment abroad	Pupil is undertaking employment (paid or unpaid) during school hours, approved by the school
М	Medical/dental appointment	Pupil is at a medical or dental appointment
J1	Interview	Pupil has an interview with a prospective employer/educational establishment
S	Study leave	Pupil has been granted leave of absence to study for a public examination
х	Not required to be in school	Pupil of non-compulsory school age is not required to attend
C2	Part-time timetable	Pupil is not in school due to having a part-time timetable
С	Exceptional circumstances	Pupil has been granted a leave of absence due to exceptional circumstances
	Absent – other auth	norised reasons
т	Parent travelling for occupational purposes	Pupil is a 'mobile child' who is travelling with their parent(s) who are travelling for occupational purposes
R	Religious observance	Pupil is taking part in a day of religious observance
I	Illness (not medical or dental appointment)	Pupil is unable to attend due to illness (either related to physical or mental health)

E	Suspended or excluded	Pupil has been suspended or excluded from school and no alternative provision has been made
	Absent – unable to attend school	because of unavoidable cause
Q	Lack of access arrangements	Pupil is unable to attend school because the local authority has failed to make access arrangements to enable attendance at school
Y1	Transport not available	Pupil is unable to attend because school is not within walking distance of their home and the transport normally provided is not available
Y2	Widespread disruption to travel	Pupil is unable to attend because of widespread disruption to travel caused by a local, national or international emergency
Y3	Part of school premises closed	Pupil is unable to attend because they cannot practicably be accommodated in the part of the premises that remains open
Y4	Whole school site unexpectedly closed	Every pupil absent as the school is closed unexpectedly (e.g. due to adverse weather)
<b>Y</b> 5	Criminal justice detention	<ul> <li>Pupil is unable to attend as they are:</li> <li>In police detention</li> <li>Remanded to youth detention, awaiting trial or sentencing, or</li> <li>Detained under a sentence of detention</li> </ul>
Y6	Public health guidance or law	Pupil's travel to or attendance at the school would be prohibited under public health guidance or law
Y7	Any other unavoidable cause	To be used where an unavoidable cause is not covered by the other codes
	Absent – unautho	rised absence
G	Holiday not granted by the school	Pupil is absent for the purpose of a holiday, not approved by the school
N	Reason for absence not yet established	Reason for absence has not been established before the register closes
O	Absent in other or unknown circumstances	No reason for absence has been established, or the school isn't satisfied that the reason given would be recorded using one of the codes for authorised absence

U	Arrived in school after registration closed	Pupil has arrived late, after the register has closed but before the end of session
Administrative codes		
Z	Prospective pupil not on admission register	Pupil has not joined school yet but has been registered
#	Planned whole-school closure	Whole-school closures that are known and planned in advance, including school holidays

Policy adopted by Governing Body on
To be reviewed on
Signed by Executive Headteacher
Signed by Chair of Governors